

RUSSIANS FLED AFTER HOT FIGHT

A Russian Force Defeated By the Taku-Shan Division of the Japanese Army.

THE FIGHT LASTED SIX HOURS, AND IS DESCRIBED AS HOT ONE.

The Russian Force, consisting of five battalions of infantry, two regiments of cavalry and sixteen guns, finally fell back toward Shi-Mu-Cheng.

Tokio, June 29.—After a hot fight, which lasted for six hours, Monday morning, June 27, the Taku-Shan division of the Japanese army completely defeated five battalions of Russian infantry, which, supported by two regiments of cavalry and 16 guns, occupied Fen Shui Ling, 27 miles northwest of Shi-Yen. The Russians finally fell back in the direction of Shi-Mu-Cheng. The Japanese casualties aggregated about 100 killed and wounded. Maj. Oba was killed during the battle.

RUSSIAN BATTLESHIP STRANDED.

Report From Tokio of the Stranding of a Russian Battleship.

London, June 29.—A dispatch to the Central News from Tokio says it is reported that another Russian battleship has been discovered stranded off Tiger Rock. It is presumed she was wrecked while returning to Port Arthur after the recent naval engagement.

THE VLADIVOSTOK SQUADRON.

Unconfirmed Report That It Has Appeared on Japanese Coast.

Tokio, June 29.—An unconfirmed report has been received from the island of Hokkaido that ships resembling the Russian Vladivostok squadron had appeared off there on June 27. Similar reports have been received from other places along the northern coast of Japan. The navy office does not give any credence to these reports.

CHINESE FROM PORT ARTHUR.

They Tell of Three Warships Badly Damaged in Recent Scuffle.

Chefoo, June 29.—Chinese who left Port Arthur on June 24 say that only four battleships, five cruisers and the torpedo boats left the harbor on June 23. Of these three returned badly damaged, but none sank. The several large ships previously damaged carried no guns.

On June 24 the Japanese main army was within 14 miles of Port Arthur. Their scouts were nearer. Natives of Manchuria have not been ordered out of Port Arthur, but only the natives of other provinces, and many of these have left.

The hospital at Liao Yang is overcrowded. Letters from Feng-Wang-Cheng say the Japanese transport service is demoralized, owing to the wretched condition of the roads.

TWO JAPANESE SPIES.

They Were Caught Masquerading as Bulgarian Organ Grinders.

Narva, Russia, June 29.—Two Japanese, masquerading as itinerant organ grinders, and attired in Bulgarian costume, have been arrested here. Their organ was searched and was found to contain maps of the Baltic coast line and surveying instruments. The prisoners confessed. It is believed that one of them is a colonel on the Japanese general staff and that the other is his orderly. Both men were sent to St. Petersburg.

KUROPATKIN WON'T FIGHT.

He Is Said to Have Decided to Withdraw His Forces Northward.

St. Petersburg, June 29.—There is good authority for the statement that Gen. Kuropatkin has decided to withdraw northward.

GUTKE HAS CONFESSED.

Another of the St. Louis Boodlers Who Has Decided to Take His Medicine.

St. Louis, June 29.—Charles A. Gutke, ex-member of the house of delegates has made a complete confession to Circuit Attorney Folk and will repeat his confession to the grand jury. Among other things he told that Charles F. Kelly had admitted to him (Gutke) that he had received \$50,000 for going to Europe when his presence in St. Louis jeopardized men higher up. He remained away until the statute of limitations barred prosecution against the men who sent him away.

Gutke's confession is a long one. Part of the statements emanating from him have been eliminated because they deal with allegations which, if true, would shock the entire world and bring such opprobrium to a branch of the state government heretofore considered above bribery that anarchy might be suggested as a means of betterment. The fixing of juries in all cases and even higher attempt are told of.

This confession is expected to be followed by a complete confession from Kelly, in which the identity of the men higher up will be revealed and all their acts related. While the statute of limitations is supposed to now prevent prosecution, it is not at all certain that a way may not be found of prosecuting these bribe-givers.

FIRE AT THE WORLD'S FAIR

House of Hoo Hoo is Completely Destroyed.

Flames Were Confined to the Building With a Loss of About \$60,000.

St. Louis, June 25.—The loud "meows" of three black cats saved five lives in the house of Hoo Hoo on the plaza of states at the World's fair early Friday morning, though the cats perished in martyrdom with the \$40,000 structure.

With 30 minutes after the discovery of flames at four o'clock the building was in ashes, entangling a total loss of over \$60,000, of which \$12,000 is in furnishings and \$5,000 in rare old liquors, which were stored in the cellar, and \$8,000 to the Union Bakery Co., in the catering concession.

The five persons aroused by the cats in the building escaped in the nick of time by climbing from the roof to an overhanging tree, down which they made their descent to the ground.

In the building when the fire was discovered were J. F. Hickey, manager of the catering concession; L. E. Jeffries, steward; Timothy Madden, a night watchman, and John Brown, the negro porter, and his wife, employed as a maid. All were in their rooms on the second floor. The woman was so badly frightened that she could not aid herself, and was carried down the tree by Mr. Hickey.

Upon the arrival of the firemen in response to the first alarm, the fire had a very dangerous aspect. It looked as though it would reach to adjoining buildings. If it did this, it was feared there would be no knowing where the flames would stop. The Hoo-Hoo building was of frame, and was filled with specimens of fine and rare woods. Burning shingles were being carried by the wind toward the Texas, German, Oregon and Mines and Metallurgy buildings.

The second alarm brought other companies, and by that time those which had reached the scene had the fire under control, and the danger of its spreading was past.

The building was insured for about \$20,000, and will possibly be rebuilt.

TROUSERS FOR FILIPINOS

War Department Decides That Their Nudity Shall Not Be a Subject for Criticism.

Washington, June 25.—The Igorrotes and the Negritos, representatives of the wild tribes of the Philippine islands, on exhibit at the St. Louis exposition, are to be so clothed that their nudity can not be a subject of criticism. Directions to this effect have been given to the responsible officials at St. Louis by Col. Edwards, chief of the insular bureau of the war department, who has been on a visit to the exposition and is now on his way home.

Some representations on the subject of the dress of these people, or lack of dress, and the suggestion that it might be very properly a subject of criticism, have been made to the war department by influential persons.

Officials of the war department also are anxious that the representatives of these wild tribes, who, they say, form only a small proportion of the population of the Philippine islands, shall not be unduly exploited to the disadvantage of the scouts and constabulary Filipinos who are at the exposition. The officials at St. Louis accordingly will make plain by intelligently posted notices the exact condition of affairs, so that visitors to the fair will not get the impression that the wild tribes are an important element of the Filipino population.

DEATH OF MONSIGNOR GUIDI

Apostolic Delegate From Vatican to the Philippines Passes Away at Manila.

Manila, June 27.—Monsignor Guidi, apostolic delegate to the Philippines, died Sunday of heart failure. The funeral will take place here next Friday, and the remains will be interred two months later at Rome.

Monsignor Guidi was sent to the Philippines nearly two years ago as the representative of the vatican in the negotiations with the Philippine commissioners with the vatican for the sale of the friars' lands to the American government. An agreement was reached early in December last by Gov. Taft and the friars. The settlement provided for the purchase of 403,000 acres, comprising all of the friar lands in the islands. The price paid for the lands was \$7,250,000.

VICTORY OVER INSURGENTS

Government of Uruguay Has Received Information of Victory By Gen. Galarza.

Montevideo, Uruguay, June 25.—The government has received information that a victory over the insurgents has been won by Col. Galarza, in command of the government troops at Cerro Largo (205 miles from Montevideo). The fighting continued for a day and a half. Six hundred of the insurgents were killed or wounded, and the government cavalry pursued the defeated army.

Found Dead in His Office.

Fort Worth, Tex., June 28.—W. H. Firth, general passenger agent of the Rock Island railroad in Texas, was found dead in his office. He was apparently in good health when he reached his office a few hours earlier.

THREE CHANGES IN THE CABINET

An Official Announcement From the White House of Changes to Take Effect July 1.

THEY FOLLOW THE RETIREMENT OF MESSRS. KNOX AND CORTELYOU.

It is Expected That Further Changes Will Take Place Next Winter, Postmaster-General Payne Probably Retiring, to Be Succeeded By Mr. Cortelyou.

Washington, June 25.—A sweeping change in the cabinet of President Roosevelt was announced officially at the White House. The announcement came in the form of a brief typewritten statement by Secretary Loeb, as follows:

"The following cabinet appointments are announced:

"William H. Moody, of Massachusetts, attorney-general.

"Paul Morton, of Illinois, secretary of the navy.

"Victor H. Metcalf, of California, secretary of commerce and labor."

"The resignations of Secretary Cortelyou and Atty-Gen. Knox have been accepted, to take effect July 1."

For two weeks or more it has been known that these changes were impending. When Secretary Cortelyou was designated by President Roosevelt to be his campaign manager it was certain that he would retire from the cabinet upon his assumption of duties as chairman of the Republican national committee. Just before he left for Chicago, last Wednesday, he placed in the hands of the president his letter of resignation from the department of commerce and labor. It was understood between the president and him that the resignation was to be accepted to take effect at the end of the present fiscal year, June 30, inclusive.

One week ago Atty-Gen. Knox formally announced that he would retire from the department of justice, probably at the end of the fiscal year. It was understood at the same time that Secretary Moody would succeed Mr. Knox as attorney-general. The statement was made, however, that while the transfer of Secretary Moody to the department of justice was very probable, it was dependent, in a measure, on the president's success in securing such a successor for him in the navy department as he desired.

In pursuance to his purpose to secure the services of a thoroughly able and congenial man, President Roosevelt tendered the appointment of secretary of the navy to Paul Morton, first vice-president of the Atchafalaya, Topeka & Santa Fe Railroad Co. Mr. Morton is a personal friend of the president of many years' standing. He is a son of the late Hon. J. Sterling Morton, of Nebraska, secretary of agriculture in President Cleveland's last administration.

It is expected that further changes will take place in the cabinet next winter.

Postmaster-General Payne probably will retire from the cabinet after the campaign. He will be succeeded by National Chairman Cortelyou. Secretary Moody will continue as a member of the cabinet until the end of the present administration on the 4th of March next, when he will retire to enter upon the practice of law in Boston. It is quite likely—that other changes will take place in the event of Mr. Roosevelt being elected president. But no authority exists at this time upon which to base a forecast of them.

CONTRACTED BLOOD POISON

Coroner O'Gorman, of New York Contracted Blood Poison While Handling Slocum Dead.

New York, June 26.—Coroner O'Gorman, who has handled most of the bodies recovered from the Slocum disaster, has contracted blood poisoning. He pricked a finger on the right hand while removing a breast pin from one of the bodies last Sunday, although he wore rubber gloves. Within a short time the finger began to swell and the poison spread rapidly. The usual treatment has thus far failed to check the spread, and anti-toxin probably will be injected into the coroner's arm.

Campaign Opens August 1.

Chicago, June 25.—Secretary Dover of the national committee, after an hour's conference with Chairman Cortelyou at the Auditorium annex Friday, announced that the republican campaign would be formally opened on August 1.

Kentucky Feud Rescued.

Lexington, Ky., June 25.—The Hargis-Cockrell feud in Breathitt county appears to have been reopened. Mack White, a member of the Hargis faction, was assassinated at his home, three miles from Jackson, Thursday.

Lost Finger Playing "Ice-man."

Trenton, N. J., June 27.—Joseph Erwin, two years old, lost a finger from his left hand while playing "ice-man" with his brother, Harry, two years his senior. Joseph held the ice while Harry used the hatchet.

Dies From Mosquito's Bite.

Jersey City, N. J., June 27.—Frederick Hemmel, tender of the trolley bridge across the Hackensack river at Hackensack, scratched a mosquito bite some days ago, erysipelas set in, and he died as a result.

OTHERWISE UNNOTICED.

Cardinal Satolli arrived in St. Louis, from Rome, Monday evening.

The Igorrotes at the World's fair are to be dressed in silk trowsers.

Sixty-seven divorces were granted in the circuit court at St. Louis Monday. Cuba formally opened her World's fair pavilion, Monday, with a large reception.

All the states except Louisiana are represented at the National prohibition convention at Indianapolis.

For the first time in their history the various teaching sisterhoods of the Catholic church in St. Louis are represented in the National Educational association.

Judge Gregory, of Delaware, has expressed the hope that former President Grover Cleveland may be nominated for the presidency by the St. Louis convention.

Cardinal Gibbons has caused to be excommunicated from the Catholic church, in Baltimore, Roberta A. Dobbins, who had a priest marry her to a divorced man.

Marcus Crahan, the Providence (R. I.) engraver, sentenced to 15 years' imprisonment for counterfeiting, has been taken to the federal penitentiary at Atlanta, Ga.

Judge Judson Harmon, of Ohio, may be a candidate for the presidential nomination at the democratic convention, if it appears that Parker will not have a walkover.

The Missouri state prohibition convention at St. Louis nominated a ticket, adopted a platform and declared in favor of the nomination of Gen. Miles for president.

Three persons were killed and six others seriously injured by the explosion of fireworks in a fireworks store at Philadelphia. All of the fireworks in the building were set off and the building burned.

One thousand amateur journalists from all parts of the United States are expected to be in St. Louis to attend a convention of amateur journalists, which meets in the Hall of Congresses at the fair grounds July 2.

The executive committee of the House of Hoo Hoo has let a contract for a new building at the World's fair, to be completed on or before July 24. The new structure is to occupy the site of the one destroyed by fire on Friday, June 24.

Acquire Fishing Privileges.

London, June 28.—The Tokio correspondent of the Times says that the Japanese Official Gazette announces the conclusion of a convention under which the Japanese acquire fishing privileges on the coasts of three of the northwestern provinces of Korea for a period of 20 years. The Koreans are granted corresponding privileges on the central and western coasts of Japan.

Turnerbud in Convention.

Pittsburg, Pa., June 27.—One hundred and twenty-five delegates to the twenty-first biennial convention of the North American Turnerbud held their first business session Sunday. Select Councilman Peter Hermes delivered an address of welcome to the delegates on behalf of Mayor Hayes, extending them the freedom of the city.

Alaskan Fishnets.

St. Louis, June 25.—Two fish nets, each 100 feet in length, made of reindeer sinew and whalebone, are attracting much attention in the Alaskan building at the World's fair. The nets are the most common in use among the fishermen of the far north on account of their durability and lightness.

Strike Declared Off.

Gloversville, N. Y., June 29.—The glove cutter's strike, which has been on in Gloversville and Johnstown for more than six months, was officially declared off. The strike was inaugurated as a protest against the open shop. The strikers failed to gain their point.

Charged With Abduction.

Chicago, June 25.—A man giving the name of Joseph Bigby is under arrest here charged with the abduction of a boy named Samuel Gallup. The abduction is alleged to have taken place from the home of the boy in St. Louis.

THE MARKETS.

New York, June 29.	
CATTLE—Native Steers	4 75 @ 6 50
COTTON—Middle	11 14
FLOUR—Winter Wheat	4 25 @ 5 25
WHEAT—No. 2 Red	3 75 @ 4 75
CORN—No. 2	45 @ 54
OATS—No. 2	35 @ 46
RYE—No. 2	14 25 @ 14 75
LARD—Western Steam	12 70
ST. LOUIS.	
COTTON—Middle	11 @ 11
BEEVES—Steers	4 00 @ 6 35
Cows and Heifers	3 50 @ 4 75
CALVES—(per 100 lbs.)	4 75 @ 5 50
HOGS—Fair to Choice	4 50 @ 5 50
PORK—Fair to Choice	3 75 @ 4 50
FLOUR—Patents	4 75 @ 4 90
Other Grades	3 90 @ 4 70
WHEAT—No. 2	1 01 @ 1 07
CORN—No. 2	45 @ 50
OATS—No. 2	35 @ 42
Other Grades	13 @ 23
HAY—Clear Timothy	10 00 @ 14 00
BUTTER—Choice Dairy	11 @ 15
LARD—Choice Steam	12 @ 15
PORK—Standard Mess (new)	12 @ 12 75
CHICAGO.	
CATTLE—Native Steers	5 50 @ 6 65
HOGS—Fair to Choice	4 75 @ 5 45
SHEEP—Fair to Choice	4 25 @ 5 00
FLOUR—Winter Patents	4 50 @ 4 65
Spring Patents	4 50 @ 4 70
WHEAT—No. 3 Spring	85 @ 95
No. 2 Red	98 @ 99
CORN—No. 2	45 @ 48 1/2
OATS—No. 2	35 @ 42
LARD	6 50 @ 6 92 1/2
PORK—Mess	12 70 @ 12 75
KANSAS CITY.	
CATTLE—Native Steers	4 75 @ 6 40
HOGS—Fair to Choice	4 75 @ 5 30
WHEAT—No. 2 Red	91 @ 1 00 1/2
CORN—No. 2	45 @ 48
OATS—No. 2	35 @ 42
NEW ORLEANS.	
FLOUR—High Grade	5 25 @ 5 65
CORN—No. 2	45 @ 47 1/2
OATS—No. 2	35 @ 42
HAY—Choice	16 50 @ 19 00
PORK—Standard Mess	13 @ 13 00
BACON—Short Rib Sides	7 75 @ 7 75
COTTON—Middle	10 @ 10 1/2
INDIANAPOLIS.	
WHEAT—No. 2 Red	1 03 @ 1 03
CORN—No. 2	45 @ 45 1/2
OATS—No. 2	35 @ 45

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AMERICAN ART NOW ON VIEW
The American Art Section at the World's Fair Now Open.
Much Interest Among Visitors to Draw Comparisons With the Foreign Displays.

St. Louis, June 26.—The American art section in the Art palace at the World's fair is now open and is visited daily by hundreds of people who are anxious to see the work of the American artists, and drew comparisons with the foreign displays, which have been on exhibition since the opening of the exposition. In some of the galleries the work of installing the exhibits is still in progress, notably those containing the loan collections from the art institute, of Chicago, and from the private galleries of George and Helen Gould. No visitors are admitted to these sections. The Gould collection contains very valuable paintings, and a feature of the Chicago art institute display is a collection of fine bronzes by Edward Kemeys.

The portrait of the Dowager Empress An, which stands near the east wall of gallery No. 18, in the United States section of the central structure of the Art palace, attracts a great deal of attention. It is mounted on a massive pedestal of oak wood, made in China, and handsomely carved in Chinese characters. The frame is also of oak wood, and on the upper arch are Chinese designs signifying long life. The picture of the empress is life size and portrays her sitting on the imperial throne, arrayed in her royal robes. The painting was made by Miss Kate Carl, an American artist, and is the first painting ever made of a member of the Chinese royal household.

Miss Carl is a sister of E. A. Carl, assistant commissioner from China to the World's fair. This gallery is open to the public.

THE HARVARD LAW SCHOOL
First General Meeting of the Harvard Law School Association, at Cambridge, Mass., Since 1895.

Cambridge, Mass., June 29.—Members of the Harvard Law School association assembled here for the first general meeting since 1895. The occasion was also of special significance because attended by many men prominent throughout the country. The secretary of war, William H. Taft, had accepted an invitation to deliver the oration at the meeting, and Chief Justice Melville W. Fuller, of the supreme court of the United States, was to preside.

The members of the association assembled in front of Austin hall and marched to Sanders theater, where the exercises took place.

ROBBED OF HIS FORTUNE.
Walter Scott, Homeward Bound From Alaska, Robbed of \$12,000 in Gold on a Pullman Car.

Philadelphia, June 29.—Walter Scott, who says his home is in New York, reported to the police that he had been robbed of \$12,000 in gold while on a Pullman car between Pittsburgh and Harrisburg. Scott said he had been in Dawson City, Alaska, for several years, and acquired his fortune there by mining. He thinks the money was stolen while he was asleep.

JOB WORK.
Will receive prompt attention in office. Estimates placed in

W. B. [unclear]